S-42-31 Bridge over Peters Creek

December 20, 2023 | Report Number: 7323P180

ASBESTOS DETECTED: NO

LEAD PAINT DETECTED: YES

Prepared for:

SC Department of Transportation 955 Park Street Columbia, South Carolina





521 Clemson Road Columbia, SC 29229 P (803) 741-9000 F (803) 741-9900 Terracon.com

December 20, 2023

SCDOT 955 Park Street Columbia, SC 29202

Attn: Mr. Trapp Harris, P.E.

Re: Asbestos & Lead Paint Inspection Report

SCDOT Bridge Package 19 S-42-31 over Peters Creek Bridge Asset No. 04212

Spartanburg County, South Carolina Terracon Project No. 7323P180 SCDOT Project No. P041165

Survey Conducted: November 3, 2023

Dear Mr. Harris,

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) is pleased to present the results of the asbestos and lead paint inspection performed on the above referenced site. We understand that this inspection was requested due to the planned repair and rehabilitation of the structure.

Terracon appreciates the opportunity to provide environmental consulting services for the SCDOT. If you should have any questions regarding this report, or if you need assistance with bid documents or project oversight, please contact the undersigned at (803) 741-9000.

Sincerely,

Terracon Consultants, Inc.

Adam Chapiesky

Certified Operator

Norman E. (Gene) Partin, Jr., CHMM

Department Manager



TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXEC	UTIVE	SUMMARY
1.0	INTF	RODUCTION
2.0		DING DESCRIPTION
2.0		
3.0	ASBI	ESTOS INPSECTION
	3.1	Regulatory Overview
	3.2	Visual Assessment
	3.3	Physical Assessment
	3.4	Sample Collection
	3.5	Sample Analysis
	3.6	Findings
	3.7	Recommendations
4.0	LEAD	O PAINT SAMPLING
	4.1	Regulatory Overview
	4.2	Sampling and Analytical Protocol5
	4.3	Sample Collection6
	4.4	Findings6
	4.5	Recommendations
5.0	LIMI	TATIONS / GENERAL COMMENTS

TABLES

- Table 1 Asbestos Survey Sample Summary
- Table 2 Lead Paint Sample Summary

FIGURES

- Exhibit 1 Site Location Map
- Exhibit 2 Site Diagram with Sample Locations

APPENDIX A - PHOTO DOCUMENTATION

APPENDIX B - LABORATORY REPORTS

Asbestos Analytical Laboratory Data Lead Paint Analytical Laboratory Data

APPENDIX C - INSPECTOR CREDENTIALS

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This executive summary is intended as an overview for the convenience of the reader. The report should be reviewed in its entirety prior to making any decisions regarding this site.

Terracon Consultants Inc. (Terracon) conducted an asbestos and lead paint inspection of building materials at the S-42-31 Bridge over Peters Creek located in Spartanburg County, South Carolina. The purpose of this inspection was to sample and identify suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and provide information regarding the identity, location, condition and approximate quantities of ACM in building components. The objective of the lead paint evaluation was to identify lead containing paint systems on components that may require special handling and disposal considerations upon demolition of the structure.

The inspection was performed on November 3, 2023 by a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) licensed asbestos inspector in general accordance with our proposal dated September 21, 2023, and the sampling protocols established in EPA 40 CFR 763 (Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, AHERA) and the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects. Paint samples were collected from visible and accessible building components and paint systems and submitted to an Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (ELAP) approved laboratory for analysis of lead.

Six (6) bulk samples were collected from homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. Four (4) paint-chip samples were collected from the components of the structure on the site.

Findings

Laboratory analysis did not identify asbestos in any of the samples collected from the subject bridge.

Laboratory analysis detected lead in the following samples:

- Silver paint on structural pipe brace (0.41% by weight).
- Orange paint on metal decking brace (11%).
- White stripe paint on roadway (0.012%).
- Yellow stripe paint on roadway (0.0084%).

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



Recommendations

Based on the scope of services, limitations, and findings of this assessment, Terracon recommends the following:

- A copy of this report must be submitted to SCDHEC at least ten (10) working days prior to demolition when applying for a demolition permit.
- **Dispose of lead painted debris in a Class II Landfill.** SCDHEC regulations require that lead-painted demolition debris be disposed in a permitted Class II landfill. Landfills should be contacted to determine their specific disposal requirements. Metal components painted with lead-based paint may be recycled however the recycler should be contacted to determine their specific requirements.
- Inform contractors and workers of presence of lead in paints Occupational Safety and Health Administration Lead Regulations apply to actions initiated on lead containing materials. This regulation applies to lead concentrations greater than the analytical limit of detection. This regulation provides exposure levels on airborne lead and does not reference the concentration of lead in paint or other lead-containing materials. Workers performing work on surfaces which have any lead concentration should be notified to comply with OSHA requirements. The full OSHA lead standard should be referenced for compliance.

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Terracon Consultants, Inc. (Terracon) conducted an asbestos and lead paint inspection of building materials at the S-42-31 Bridge over Peters Creek located in Spartanburg County, South Carolina. The asbestos inspection was conducted on November 3, 2023, by a South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) licensed building inspector in general accordance with our Proposal No. 8623P180, dated September 21, 2023.

We understand the asbestos and lead paint inspection was requested due to the planned repair and rehabilitation of the bridge.

2.0 BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The bridge deck of the structure consists of steel and concrete spans. The bridge structure has a combination of concrete, and metal, and wood guardrails. The bridge deck is supported by concrete pier caps, which are located on wood or concrete piers. The bridge structure is approximately 150 feet long and 37 feet wide.

3.0 ASBESTOS INPSECTION

The asbestos inspection was conducted by SCDHEC licensed Asbestos Building Inspector Mr. Adam Chapiesky (License No. BI-001971, exp. 01/03/24). Copies of asbestos licenses are included in Appendix C. The survey was conducted on November 3, 2023, in general accordance with the sampling protocols established by EPA Regulation 40 CFR 763 Subpart E 763.86, AHERA and SCDHEC R61-86.1. A summary of survey activities is provided below.

3.1 Regulatory Overview

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulation 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), prohibits the release of asbestos fibers to the atmosphere during renovation/demolition activities. NESHAP requires that potentially regulated asbestos-containing building materials be identified, classified and quantified prior to planned disturbances or demolition activities. An ACM is defined as any material containing asbestos of any type in an amount greater than one percent (1%). The asbestos NESHAP regulates asbestos fiber emissions and asbestos waste disposal practices. Under NESHAP, asbestos-containing building materials are classified as either friable,

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



Category I non-friable or Category II non-friable ACM. Friable materials are those that, when dry, may be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Non-friable materials contain asbestos fibers which have been "locked in" by a bonding agent, coating, binder or other materials so that the asbestos is bound and will not readily release fibers during normal handling or use. Category I non friable ACM includes packing materials, gaskets, resilient floor coverings and asphalt roofing products containing more than 1 percent (%) asbestos. Category II non-friable ACM are non-friable materials other than Category I materials that contain more than 1% asbestos.

Friable ACM, Category I and Category II non-friable ACM which is in poor condition and has become friable or which will be subjected to drilling, sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading and which could be crushed or pulverized during anticipated renovation/demolition activities are considered regulated ACM (RACM). RACM must be removed prior to renovation or demolition activities.

In the state of South Carolina, asbestos activities are regulated by the SCDHEC under the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects. The SCDHEC require that any asbestos-related activity conducted in a public building be performed by personnel licensed by the SCDHEC. The owner or operator must provide the SCDHEC with written notification of planned abatement and removal activities prior to the commencement of those activities. The SCDHEC requires 4 day notification for non-friable projects and 10 day notification for RACM projects. Asbestos abatement must be performed by SCDHEC-licensed asbestos abatement contractors. A SCDHEC-licensed Project Designer shall prepare a written abatement design for each abatement renovation project involving the removal of greater than 3,000 square, 1,500 linear, or 656 cubic feet of RACM. Third-party air monitoring must be conducted during the abatement of friable (regulated) ACM.

The SCDHEC defines a renovation as, "altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of RACM from any facility component." A demolition is defined as, "Wrecking or taking out any load-supporting structural member of a facility together with any related handling operations, the burning of any facility, or moving of a structure."

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Asbestos Standard for Construction Industry (29 CFR 1926.1101) regulates workplace exposure to asbestos. The OSHA standard requires that employee exposure to airborne asbestos fibers be maintained below 0.1 asbestos fibers per cubic centimeter of air (0.1 f/cc). The OSHA standard classifies construction and maintenance activities, which could disturb ACM, and specifies work practices and precautions which employers must follow when engaging in each class of regulated work. A full copy of the OSHA asbestos standard for general industry may be found at OSHA's website (www.osha.gov) and should be referenced for specific information.

3.2 Visual Assessment

Our survey activities began with visual observation of the structure to identify apparent homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. A homogeneous area consists of building materials, which appear similar throughout in terms of color, texture and date of application. Building materials which were not

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



identified as concrete, glass, wood, masonry, metal or rubber were considered suspect ACM. Although reasonable effort was made to survey accessible suspect materials, additional suspect but un-sampled materials could be located in walls, in voids or in other concealed areas.

3.3 Physical Assessment

A physical assessment of each homogeneous area of suspect ACM was conducted to assess the friability and condition of the materials. A friable material is defined by the EPA as a material, which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry. Non-friable materials contain asbestos fibers which have been "locked in" by a bonding agent, coating, binder or other materials so that the asbestos is bound and will not readily release fibers during normal handling or use. Friability was assessed by physically touching suspect materials.

3.4 Sample Collection

Based on the results of the visual sampling, bulk samples of suspect ACM were collected in general accordance with the sampling protocols outlined in EPA Regulation 40 CFR 763 Subpart E763.86 (Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act, AHERA) and SCDHEC sample collection protocols. Random samples of suspect materials were collected in each homogeneous area. Bulk samples were collected using wet methods as applicable to reduce the potential for fiber release. Samples were placed in sealable containers and labeled with unique sample numbers using an indelible marker.

Six (6) bulk samples were collected from two (2) homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. A summary of the suspect ACM samples collected during the survey is presented in Table 1. Sample locations are depicted on a Site Diagram.

3.5 Sample Analysis

Bulk samples were submitted under chain of custody to EMSL Analytical Inc. (EMSL) of Charlotte, North Carolina for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) with dispersion staining techniques per EPA EPA/600/R-93/116. The percentage of asbestos, where applicable, was determined by microscopical visual estimation. EMSL is accredited under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program NVLAP (#200841-0). Layered analysis of samples was conducted by the lab.

Per the SCDHEC Regulation 61-86.1 Standards of Performance for Asbestos Projects, negative results for non-friable organically bound (NOB) materials such as flooring, mastics, and roofing shall be verified with at least one TEM analysis. The additional analysis was performed by TEM in accordance with EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1.

S-42-31 over Peters Creek ■ Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 ■ Terracon Project No. 7323P180



Two (2) of the sampled materials are considered NOBs and thus were submitted and analyzed by TEM analysis. Samples requiring TEM analysis are identified on Table 1.

3.6 Findings

Based on the results of laboratory analyses, asbestos was not detected in any of the samples collected. Negative PLM results for NOB materials were confirmed by TEM analysis.

Table 1 summarizes the results of the visual inspection, assumptions, estimated quantities, and laboratory analyses. Asbestos laboratory analytical reports are included in Appendix B.

3.7 Recommendations

Based on the scope of services, limitations, and findings of this assessment, Terracon recommends the following:

A copy of this report must be submitted to SCDHEC at least ten (10) working days prior to demolition when applying for a demolition permit.

In accordance with OSHA's Asbestos Standard, the employer shall notify affected employees and contractors of the presence and location of asbestos-containing materials and test results. A full copy of the OSHA asbestos standard for general industry may be found at OSHA's website (www.osha.gov) and should be referenced for specific information.

4.0 LEAD PAINT SAMPLING

The objective of the lead paint sampling was to identify lead containing paint systems on structural components that may require special handling and disposal considerations upon demolition of the structure. SCDHEC regulates solid waste disposal under Regulation 61-107.19 as noted below. Testing was performed to meet specific State disposal requirements and does not comply with all parts of the Occupational Health and Safety Administrations (OSHA) lead regulations. Testing to comply with OSHA regulations are not covered in our scope of work since it is the responsibility of the contractor to protect its employees.

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



4.1 Regulatory Overview

Lead is regulated by the EPA, SCDHEC and OSHA. The EPA and SCDHEC regulate lead use, removal, and disposal, and OSHA regulates lead exposure to workers. The EPA defines LBP as paint, varnish, stain, or other applied coating that contains lead equal to or greater than 1.0 mg/cm², 5,000 mg/kg, or 0.5% by dry weight as determined by laboratory analysis. The SCDHEC regulations 61-107.19 require that painted demolition debris with a lead concentration greater than 0.06% by weight be disposed in a permitted Class II landfill. For the purpose of the OSHA lead standard, lead includes metallic lead, all inorganic lead compounds, and organic lead soaps. The complete OSHA standard for compliance can be found on OSHA's website (www.osha.gov). A synopsis of the OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1926.62) and the applicability are as follows:

The OSHA *Lead Standard for Construction* (29 CFR 1926.62) applies to all construction work where an employee may be occupationally exposed to lead. All work related to construction, alteration, or repair (including painting and decorating) is included. The lead-in-construction standard applies to any detectable concentration of lead in paint, as even small concentrations of lead can result in unacceptable employee exposures depending upon on the method of removal and other workplace conditions. Under this standard, construction includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Demolition or salvage of structures where lead or materials containing lead are present
- Removal or encapsulation of materials containing lead
- New construction, alteration, repair, or renovation of structures, substrates, or portions containing lead, or materials containing lead
- Installation of products containing lead
- Lead contamination/emergency clean-up
- Transportation, disposal, storage, or containment of lead or materials containing lead on the site or location at which construction activities are performed
- Maintenance operations associated with construction activities described above

4.2 Sampling and Analytical Protocol

Mr. Chapiesky of Terracon conducted the lead paint (LP) sampling on November 3, 2023. The LP sampling was conducted by collecting paint chip samples. The paint chip samples were collected from painted or lacquered surfaces of structural components likely to contain LP, based on apparent date of application. The paint samples were collected down to the surface substrate so as to include any underlying paint systems in the analysis. The random paint chip samples were selected based on current paint schemes and may not be inclusive of old paint systems covered with paneling, or existing painted systems. The paint chip samples were submitted to an ELAP approved laboratory for analysis of lead by NIOSH Method 7082M (atomic absorption).

S-42-31 over Peters Creek ■ Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 ■ Terracon Project No. 7323P180



4.3 Sample Collection

Four (4) paint samples were collected from painted surfaces on the structure. Paint sampled included: silver pipe brace, orange bracket, yellow stripe, and white stripe paints.

4.4 Findings

Laboratory analysis detected lead in the following samples:

- Silver paint on structural pipe brace (0.41% by weight).
- Orange paint on metal decking brace (11%).
- White stripe paint on roadway (0.012%).
- Yellow stripe paint on roadway (0.0084%).

A summary of the lead paint laboratory results is presented in Table 2. The analytical report is included in Appendix B.

4.5 Recommendations

Based on the scope of services, limitations, and findings of this assessment, Terracon recommends the following:

- **Dispose of lead painted debris in a Class II Landfill.** SCDHEC regulations require that lead-painted demolition debris be disposed in a permitted Class II landfill. Landfills should be contacted to determine their specific disposal requirements. Metal components painted with lead-based paint may be recycled however the recycler should be contacted to determine their specific requirements.
- Inform contractors and workers of presence of lead in paints Occupational Safety and Health Administration Lead Regulations apply to actions initiated on lead containing materials. This regulation applies to lead concentrations greater than the analytical limit of detection. This regulation provides exposure levels on airborne lead and does not reference the concentration of lead in paint or other lead-containing materials. Workers performing work on surfaces which have any lead concentration should be notified to comply with OSHA requirements. The full OSHA lead standard should be referenced for compliance.

S-42-31 over Peters Creek Spartanburg County, South Carolina December 20, 2023 Terracon Project No. 7323P180



5.0 LIMITATIONS / GENERAL COMMENTS

This survey was conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the same locale. The results, findings, conclusions and recommendations expressed in this report are based on conditions observed during our survey of the structure. The information contained in this report is relevant to the date on which this survey was performed and should not be relied upon to represent conditions at a later date.

This report has been prepared on behalf of and exclusively for use by SCDOT for specific application to their project as discussed. Terracon does not warrant the work of regulatory agencies, laboratories or other third parties supplying information, which may have been used in the preparation of this report. No warranty, express or implied is made.

This report is not a bidding document. Contractors or consultants reviewing this report must draw their own conclusions regarding further investigation or remediation deemed necessary.

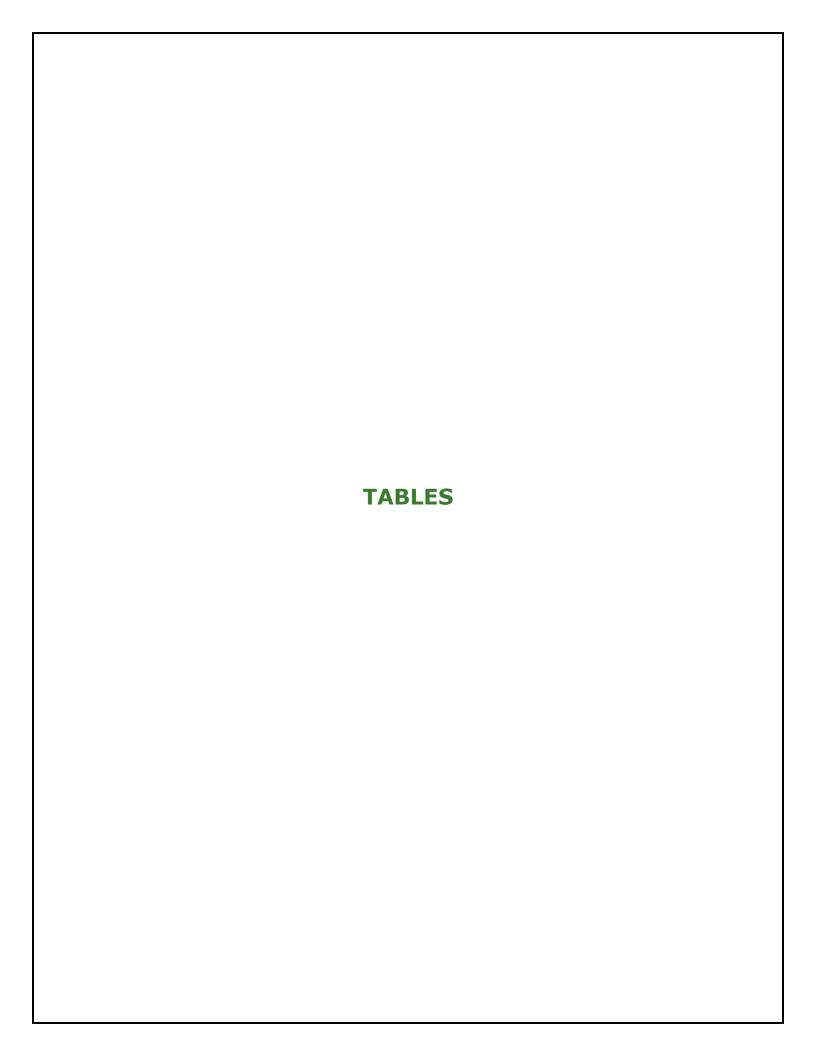


TABLE 1 - Asbestos Sample Summary

S-42-31 Bridge over Peters Creek Spartanburg, South Carolina Project No. 7323P180

НА	Approx. Quantity* (ft²)	Samples Collected	Description	Material Location	Lab Result	Category	Condition
				Between pier caps and			
1	400 LF	3	Thick shingle and tar friction barrier	decking	NAD	Misc.	NF, Good
				Between piers and pier			
2	48 SF	3	Thin felt and tar friction barrier	caps	NAD	Misc.	F, Good

Notes

Due to planned demolition all materials have a high potential for disturbance

* Quantities should not be used for bidding purposes.

Materials hidden and not observed due to access restricitons and/or enclosed spaces can change actual quantities.

Contractors are strongly encouraged to collect their own measurements.

Homogeneous Materials 1 and 2 are NOB materials. Negative PLM results were confirmed with TEM analyses.

See Exhibit 2 for sample locations

HA Homogeneous Area

NAD No asbestos detected

SM Surfacing Material

Misc Miscellaneous Material

F Friable

NF Non-Friable

LF Linear Feet

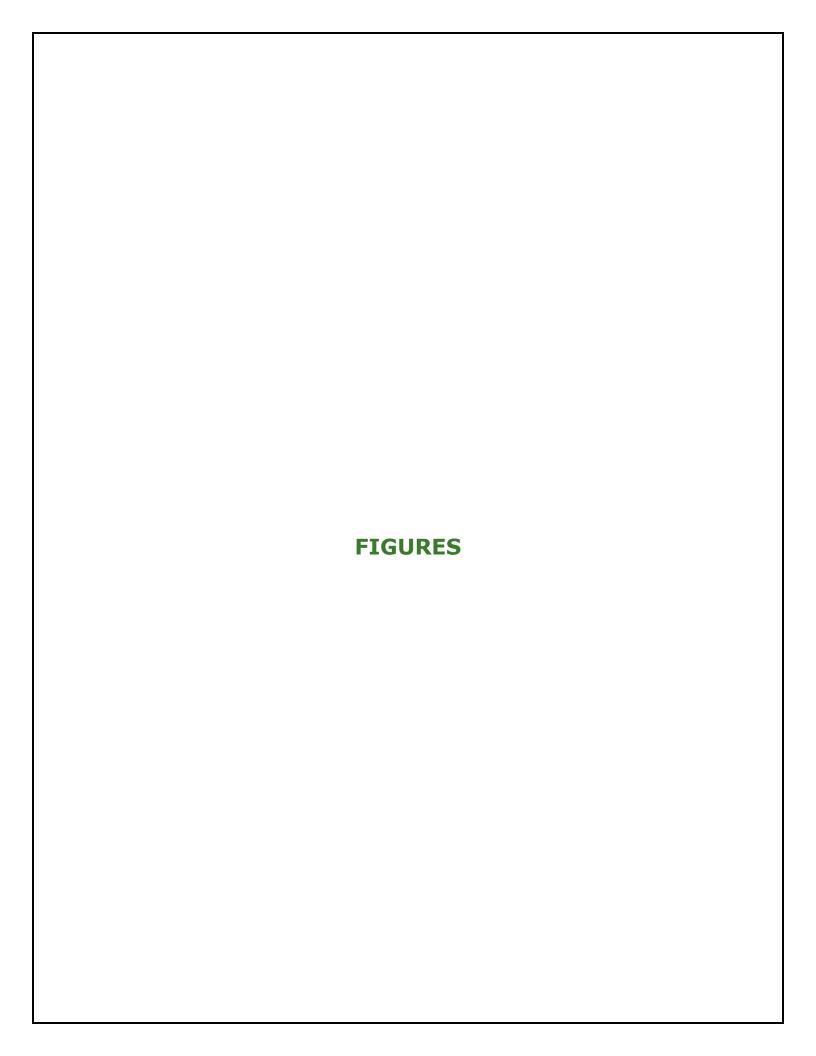
TABLE 2 - Lead Paint Sample Summary

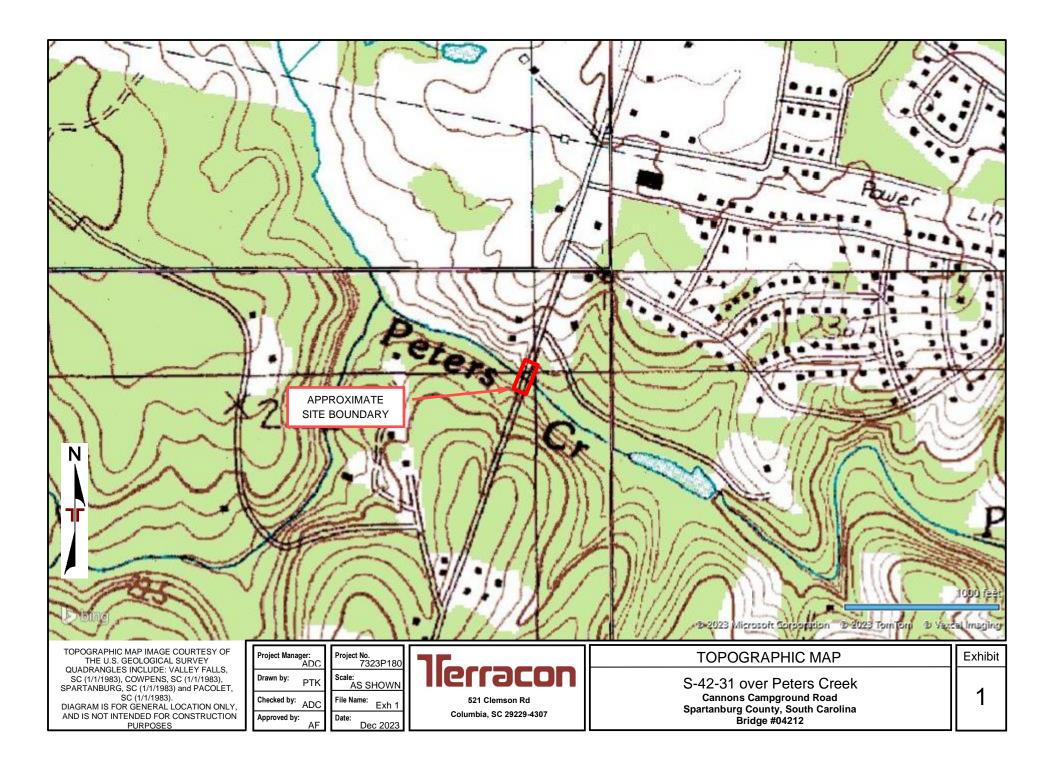
S-42-31 Bridge over Peters Creek Spartanburg, South Carolina Project No. 7323P180

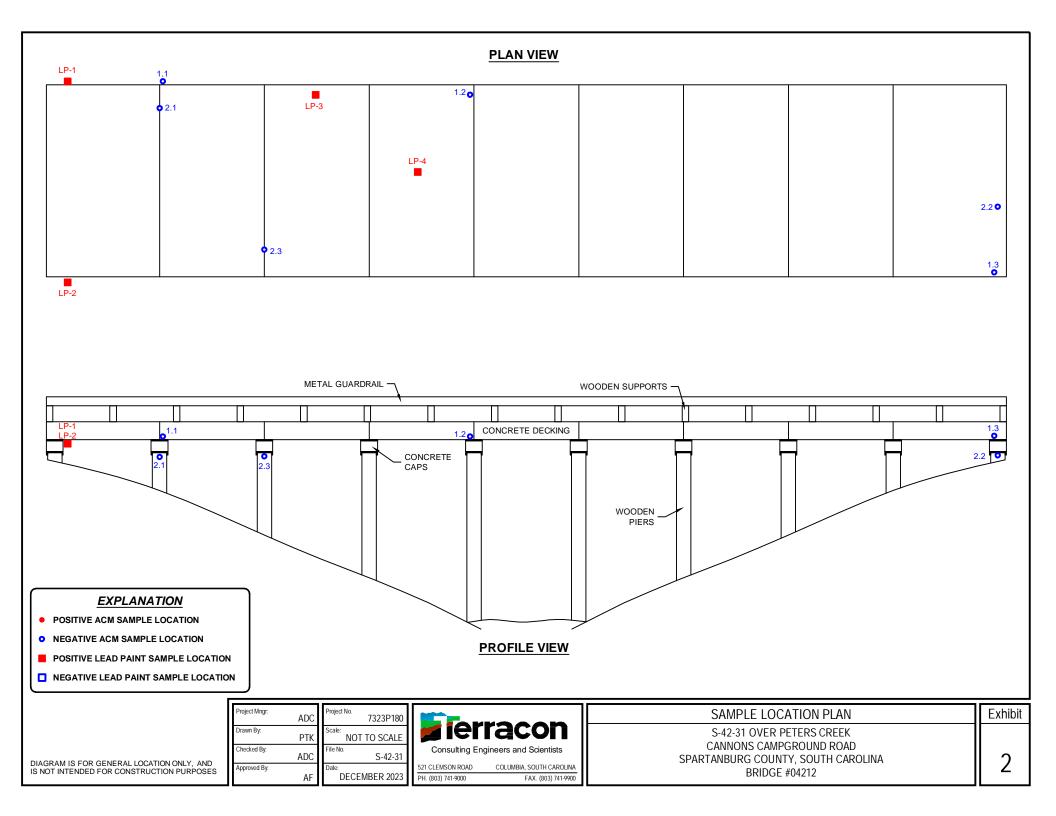
Sample Number	Description	Location	Lab Result
LP-1	Silver Paint	Structural pipe brace	0.41%
LP-2	Orange Paint	Metal decking brace	11%
LP-3	White Paint	White stripe	0.012%
LP-4	Yellow Paint	Yellow stripe	0.0084%

Note:

Results in boldface indicate concentration above the SCDHEC regulatory limit (0.06%) Disturbance of all paints usbject to OSHA rules







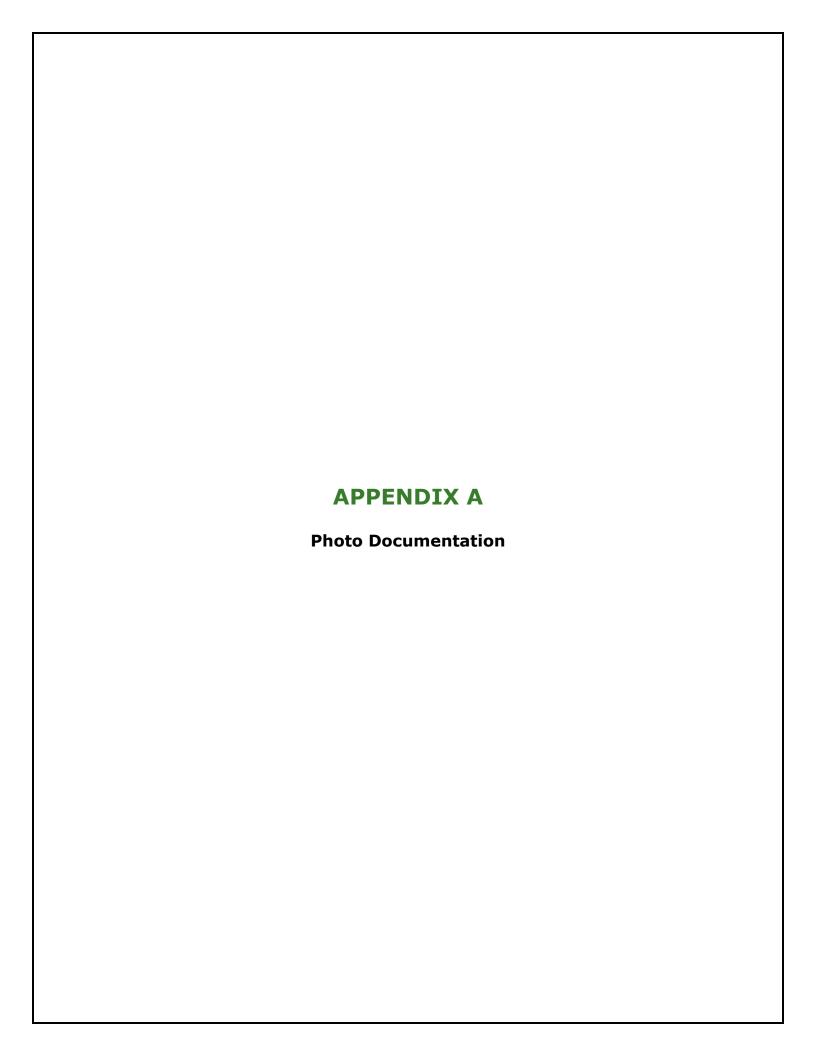




PHOTO #1 View of the bridge facing north with LP-3 (White Paint) and LP-4 (Yellow Paint) in view.

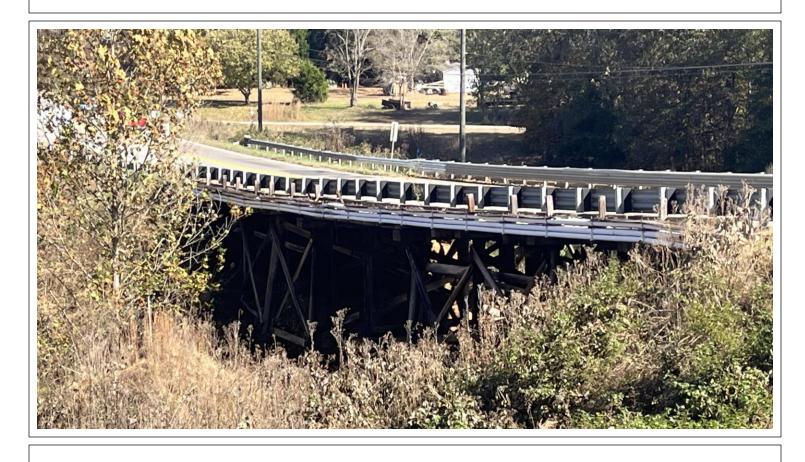


PHOTO # 2 View of the bridge facing northeast.





PHOTO #3 View of HA #1 thick shingle and tar friction barrier



PHOTO # 4 View of HA #2 thin felt friction barrier





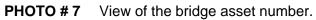
PHOTO # 5 View of LP-1 silver paint on structural pipe brace.



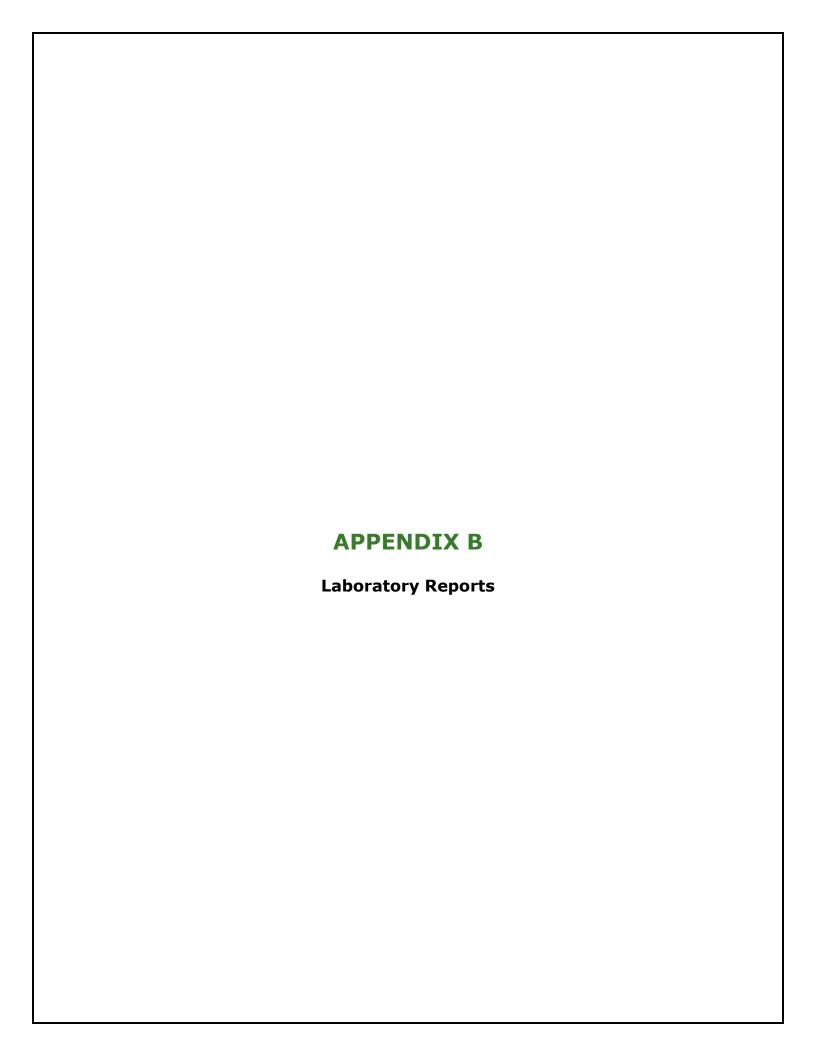
PHOTO # 6 View of LP-2 orange paint on metal decking bracket.







PHOTO#





Terracon Consultants, Inc.

521 Clemson Road

Columbia, SC 29229

EMSL Order: 412313214 Customer ID: GAGE62 Customer PO: 7323P180T

Project ID:

Phone: (803) 741-9000

Fax: (803) 741-9900

Received Date: 11/06/2023 9:00 AM

Analysis Date: 11/07/2023 **Collected Date:** 11/03/2023

Project: 7323P180T

Attention: Owen Astwood

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via AHERA Method 40CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix E supplemented with EPA 600/R-93/116 using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	estos	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
04212-1.1-Shingle	Thick Shingle and Tar Vibration Dampener	White/Various/Blac k	8% Cellulose	3% Quartz 12% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
412313214-0001		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		77% Non-fibrous (Other)	
04212-1.1-Tar 412313214-0001A	Thick Shingle and Tar Vibration Dampener	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	<1% Cellulose	100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
04212-1.2-Shingle	Thick Shingle and Tar Vibration Dampener	Black Non-Fibrous	5% Cellulose	3% Quartz 5% Ca Carbonate 87% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
No tar present.		Homogeneous		67 % Non-librous (Other)	
04212-2.1-Felt	Thin Felt and Tar Vibration Dampener	Brown/Black Fibrous	80% Cellulose	20% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412313214-0004 No tar present.		Homogeneous			
04212-2.2-Felt	Thin Felt and Tar Vibration Dampener	Black Fibrous	90% Cellulose	10% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
412313214-0005 No tar present.		Homogeneous			

Analyst(s)

Jordan Simpson (3) Kelsie Dwyer (2) Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or Other Approved Signatory

Evan L Plumber

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. The above analyses were performed in general compliance with Appendix E to Subpart E of 40 CFR (previously EPA 600/M4-82-020 "Interim Method") but augmented with procedures outlined in the 1993 ("final") version of the method. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Estimation of uncertainty is available on request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC NVLAP Lab Code 200841-0, VA 3333 00312

Initial report from: 11/08/2023 14:07:51



Terracon Consultants, Inc.

521 Clemson Road

Columbia, SC 29229

EMSL Order: 412313214 Customer ID: GAGE62 Customer PO: 7323P180T

Project ID:

Phone: (803) 741-9000

Fax: (803) 741-9900

Received Date: 11/06/2023 9:00 AM

Analysis Date: 11/07/2023 **Collected Date**: 11/03/2023

Project: 7323P180T

Attention: Owen Astwood

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Non-Friable Organically Bound Materials by TEM via EPA/600/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1

Sample ID	Description	Appearance	% Matrix Material	% Non-Asbestos Fibers	Asbestos Types
04212-1.3-Shingle	Thick Shingle and Tar	Black	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
412313214-0003	Vibration Dampener	Non-Fibrous			
		Homogeneous			
04212-1.3-Tar	Thick Shingle and Tar	Black	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
412313214-0003B	Vibration Dampener	Non-Fibrous			
		Homogeneous			
04212-2.3	Thin Felt and Tar Vibration	Black	100.0 Other	None	No Asbestos Detected
412313214-0006	Dampener	Non-Fibrous			
		Homogeneous			

Analyst(s)

Maggie Pasour (3)

Lee Plumley, Laboratory Manager or other approved signatory

Evan L Plumber

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted. EMSL recommends that samples reported as none detected or <1% undergo additional analysis via PLM to avoid the possibility of false negatives.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC

Initial report from: 11/08/2023 14:07:50

OrderID: 412313214



Asbestos Chain of Custody EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

412313214

10801 Southern Loop Blvd

Pineville, NC 28134

PHONE: (704) 525-2205 FAX: (704) 525-2382

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(101)000 - 5.0-	
Company Name : Terrac	Company Name : Terracon Consultants, Inc.			EMSL Customer ID:			
Street: 521 Clemson Ro			City: Colum	 bia	State/Provir	nce: SC	
Zip/Postal Code: 29229		Country: US	Telephone #	803-212-006	64 Fax #: 803-	741-9900	
Report To (Name): Ower	n Astwood		Please Provi	de Results:	Fax 🗹 Email		
Email Address: Owen.A		erracon.com	Puro	hase Order:			
Project Name/Number:				ct ID (Internal L	Jse Only):	1	
U.S. State Samples Take		4447	CT Samples	: Commerci	ial/Taxable 🔲 Res	idential/Tax Exempt	
	EMSL-B	ill to: ☑ Same ☐ Different - Third Party Billing requires writ			n Comments**	ļ	
<u> </u>	Turnaround Time (TAT) Options* – Please Check						
	Hour [24 Hour 48 Hour	72 Ho		Hour 📗 1 Week		
*For TEM Air 3 hr through 6 h	r, please call ah for this service	ead to schedule.*There is a premiur Analysis completed in accordance	n charge for 3 Ho with EMSI's Ten	ur TEM AHERA or	r EPA Level II TAT. You	will be asked to sign an	
PCM - Air Check if sar		<u>TEM - Air</u> 4-4.5hr TAT			Todated III the Pinalytical	The date.	
from NY		l <u> </u>		TEM- Dust			
☐ NIOSH 7400		AHERA 40 CFR, Part 76	i3	=	- ASTM D 5755	!	
w/ OSHA 8hr. TWA		☐ NIOSH 7402		= '	TM D6480	!	
PLM - Bulk (reporting lin	•	EPA Level II			nication (EPA 600/J	-93/167)	
PLM EPA 600/R-93/11	6 (<1%)	ISO 10312		_Soil/Rock/Ve		•	
PLM EPA NOB (<1%)		TEM - Bulk		— ·	600/R-93/116 with n	• • • • •	
Point Count		TEM EPA NOB				nilling prep (<0,25%)	
☐ 400 (<0.25%)☐ 1000 Point Count w/Gravimetric	` '	NYS NOB 198.4 (non-fria	TEM EPA 600/R-93/116 with milling prep (<0.1%)				
☐ 400 (<0.25%) ☐ 1000		(= :::::::::			TEM Qualitative via Filtration Prep TEM Qualitative via Drop Mount Prep		
_		Cincinnati Method EPA 600/P-04/004 PI					
NYS 198.1 (friable in N	•	<u>TEM – Water:</u> EPA 100.2					
NYS 198.6 NOB (non-1	mable-NY)	Fibers >10µm	Drinking	Other:	1 /	1 .]	
☐ NYS 198.8 SOF-V ☐ NIOSH 9002 (<1%)		All Fiber Sizes Waste	Drinking	ш	1/	1 1 1	
						/	
L_Check For Positive St	·	Identify Homogenous Group	o Filter	Pore Size (Air	Samples): 0.8	<u>ım0.45μm</u>	
Samplers Name:	dam 15	Chaplisky	Samplers	Signature:	AVU/XI/	Va 1	
Sample #		Comula Decembri		V	/olume/Area (Air)	Date/Time	
		Sample Descripti	on		HA # (Bulk)	Sampled	
04212: -1.1	Thick	Shipple and tor vil	omtion Par	pen cr		11-3-23	
04212-1.2						j, l	
04212-1.3		· X					
24212 2 1			vibration () no			
04212 2.2 Thin felt and for			or-lor-bu p	or will		- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
			10.1	<i>/</i>	Time:	':	
Received (Lab): 1345	_ \	Date:	140125		Time:	9AM FX	
-/ ^	lun T	M Concornatly			7967 3	659 2592	
<u>CXPR</u>	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	· //					

Page 1 of ______pages

OrderID: 412313214



Asbestos Chain of Custody EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

Older Mulliber	(Lab Use Only):
. 0 0 . 11	
12214	

10801 Southern Loop Blvd

Pineville, NC 28134

PHONE: FAX:

(704) 525-2205 (704) 525-2382

Additional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information

Sample #	Sample Description	Volume/Area (Air) HA # (Bulk)	Date/Time Sampled
Sample # 04212 - 2.3	X 1		1
O IDD -			i
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*Comments/Special Instru	uctions:		
X-Ru	n TEM Concorrently		}*

Page 2 of 2 pages

2



EMSL Analytical, Inc.

10801 Southern Loop Blvd, Pineville, NC 28134

Phone/Fax: (704) 525-2205 / (704) 525-2382

http://www.EMSL.com charlottelab@emsl.com

Phone: (803) 741-9000 Fax: (803) 741-9900 Received: 11/6/2023 09:00 AM

EMSL Order:

CustomerID:

CustomerPO:

ProjectID:

412313205

7323P180T

GAGE62

Collected: 11/3/2023

521 Clemson Road Columbia, SC 29229

Owen Astwood

Project: S-42-31 over Peters Creek/ 7323P180T

Terracon Consultants, Inc.

Test Report: Lead in Paint Chips by Flame AAS (SW 846 3050B/7000B)*

Client Sample Description	Lab ID Collected	Analyzed	Weight	Lead Concentration
LP-1	412313205-0001 11/3/2023	11/7/2023	0.2894 g	0.41 % wt
	Site: Silver Paint			
LP-2	412313205-0002 11/3/2023	11/7/2023	0.2779 g	11 % wt
	Site: Orange Paint			
LP-3	412313205-0003 11/3/2023	11/7/2023	0.3010 g	0.012 % wt
	Site: White Paint			
LP-4	412313205-0004 11/3/2023	11/7/2023	0.2617 g	0.0084 % wt
	Site: Yellow Paint			

Aaron Hartley, Lead Technical Manager or other approved signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report relates only to the samples reported above, and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. The report reflects the samples as received. Results are generated from the field sampling data (sampling volumes and areas, locations, etc.) provided by the client on the Chain of Custody. Samples are within quality control criteria and met method specifications unless otherwise noted.

specifications unless otherwise noted.

* Analysis following Lead in Paint by EMSL SOP/Determination of Environmental Lead by FLAA. Reporting limit is 0.008% wt based on the minimum sample weight per our SOP. "<" (less than) result signifies the analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. Measurement of uncertainty is available upon request. Definitions of modifications are available upon request.

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Pineville, NC AIHA LAP, LLC-ELLAP Accredited #192283

OrderID: 412313205



Lead (Pb) Chain of Custody EMSL Order ID (Lab Use Only):

412313205

(Lab Ose Orny).	, Pineviile, NC 28134 :
205	PHONE: (704) 525-2205

FAX: (704) 525-2382

10801 Southern Loop Blvd

Company : Terracon Consultants, Inc.			EMSL-Bill to: Same Different If Bill to is Different note instructions in Comments**					٦.	
Street: 521 Clemson Road			Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party					1	
City: Columbia	State/F	Province: SC		al Code: 2			country: US	Carry 1	1
Report To (Name): Owen Astv			Telephone #: 803-741-9000						7
Email Address: Owen.Astwoo		con com	Fax #: 803-741-9900 Purchase Order: 732361				- -		
Project Name/Number: 5-42			-					: <u>/32211</u>	~ '
	OI OUL	Police (rule / 7323 P1801		rovide Res		Em			4
U.S. State Samples Taken: SC						ble 📙	Residential/Tax	Exempt	4
□ 2 U2 □ □ C U2	T	urnaround Time (TA				lites .		la section	4
3 Hour 6 Hour	1 —	Hour 48 Hour		2 Hour	96 Hour		1 Week ☐	2 Week	4
Matrix	3 complete	Method	LS ICIIIS C	T	trument		orting Limit	Check	\exists
Chips / % by wt. mg/cm² pp	ım (maika)	SW846-7000E		1	omic Absorption	1.05	0.01%	- 4	\exists
Air	in (mg/kg)					ļ			4
Air		NIOSH 7082 NIOSH 7105		}	omic Absorption te Furnace AA		4 μg/filter 03 μg/filter		
		NIOSH 7300M/NIOS		, 	CP-OES		.5 μg/filter		
Wipe* ASTM	$\overline{}$	SW846-7000E			omic Absorption	7	0 μg/wipe		┨
non ASTM				1	<u>-</u>	†	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\dashv
*if no box checked, non-ASTM Wipe assumed	_	SW846-6010B o	or C	1	CP-OES	1.	0 μg/wipe		
TCLP		SW846-1311/7000B/S	M 3111B	Flame At	omic Absorption	0.4	mg/L (ppm)		7
		SW846-1311/SW846-6	010B or C	10	ICP-OES 0.1 mg/L (ppm)		mg/L (ppm)]
SPLP		SW846-1312/7000B/S		Flame Atomic Absorption 0.4 mg/L (ppm)]	
		SW846-1312/SW846-6		511 mg/2 (ppin/				4	
TTLC		22 CCR App. II, 7000				ng/kg (ppm)		4	
		22 CCR App. II, SW846-6				ig/kg (ppm)		4	
STLC		22 CCR App. II, 7000 22 CCR App. II, SW846-6			mg/L (ppm)		4		
Soil		SW846-7000E		B or C ICP-OES 0.1 mg/L (ppr Flame Atomic Absorption 40 mg/kg (ppr				-	
3011		SW846-6010B or C		4	OP-OES				\dashv
-	 -			Į			ng/kg (ppm)		4
Wastewater Unpreserved		SM3111B/SW846-7000B EPA 200.9			omic Absorption te Furnace AA		mg/L (ppm) 3 mg/L (ppm)		\dashv
Preserved with HNO ₃ pH < 2		EPA 200.7		ICP-OES		0.020 mg/L (ppm)			\dashv
D. 1. 34.		EPA 200.8			CP-MS		1 mg/L (ppm)		٦.
Drinking Water Unpreserved Preserved with HNO ₃ pH < 2		EPA 200.9		Graphit	te Furnace AA		3 mg/L (ppm)		7
Freserved with HNO3 pH < 2		EPA 200,5	-	IC	CP-OES		3 mg/L/(ppm)		
TSP/SPM Filter		40 CFR Part 5			CP-OES		2 µg/filter]
		40 CFR Part 5	0	Graphil	te Furnace AA	. #	.6 µg/filter		_
Other:						<u> </u>	1/.		4
Name of Sampler: Adam Ch	apiesky		Signa	ture of S		dell	P[[]]		
Sample # Location				Volun	ne/Area	200	Date/Time S	ampled	
LP-1 Silver	LP-1 5: lux paint						11-3-2	3	
LP-2 Oran	ne p.	nint					7	i i	
Client Sample #s LP-1	Al	P-4			Total # of Sa	amples	: <u> </u>		J
Relinquished (Client):	No M	Date:		1:3-2	3 Time:	•	-1	1.	
Received (Lab):		. Date:		11623	Time:	•	9Ay FX		7
Comments:	1	Date.						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
						796	1 3659 25	72 :	
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OrderID: 412313205



LEAD (Pb) CHAIN OF CUSTODY

EMSL Analytical, Inc. ¦	
10801 Southern Loop Blvd	t

EMSL ORDER ID (Lab Use Only):

			- 1
PHONE.	(704)	525-2	22

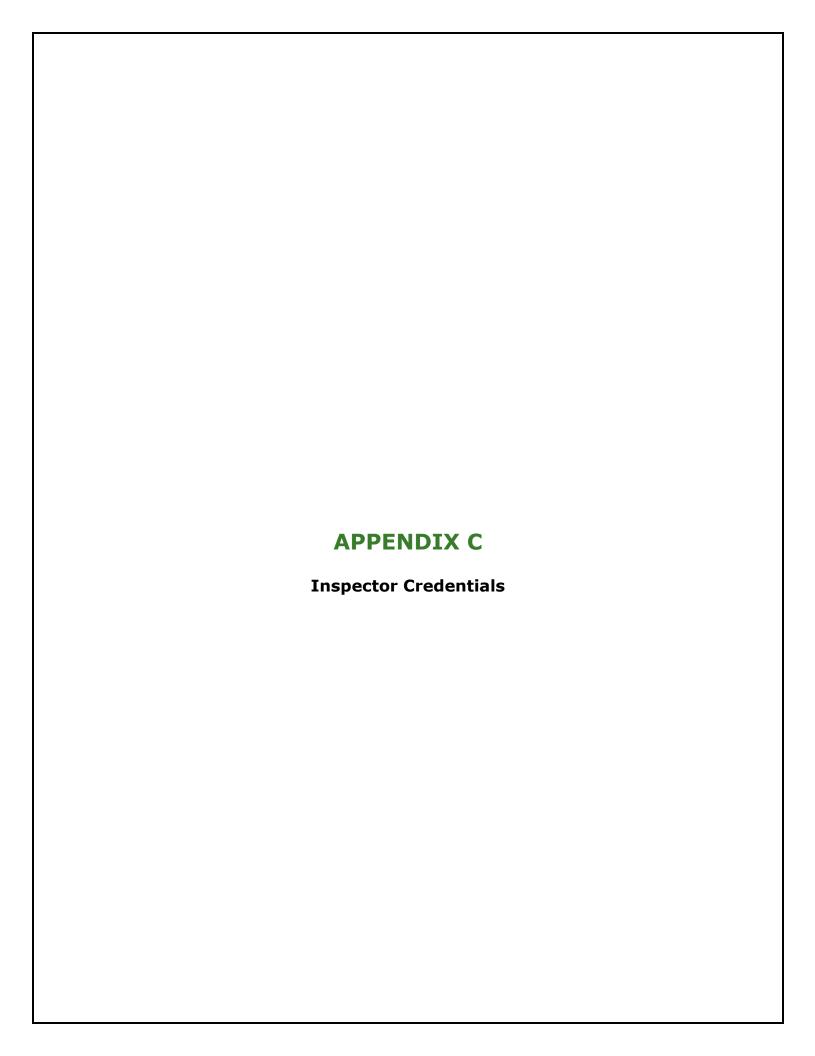
		_	
EMSL	ANALYTICA		INC.

13205 FAX: (704) 525-2382

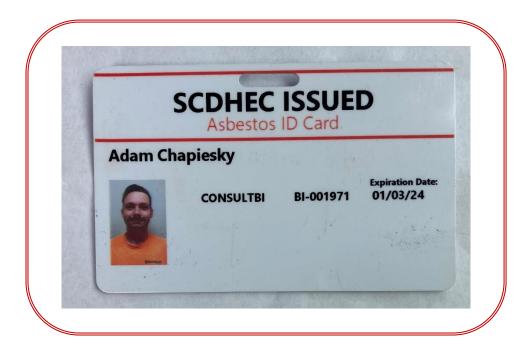
	Additional Pages of the Chain of Custody are only necessary if needed for additional sample information				
Sample #	Location	Volume/Area	Date/Time Sampled		
LP-3	white faint				
LP-4	Vhite Paint Yellow Paint				
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Comments/Special Instructions:					
			! !		

Controlled Document --- COC-25 Lead (Pb) - R8- 7/19/2017

Page _____ of ____ pages







Adam Chapiesky

Asbestos Building Inspector BI-001971

