

Calculation Cover Sheet

Client: **Columbia Water**

Project: **30" Force Main Relocation Under I-20**

Project No: 10207730-20.2

Rev: 1

Calculation No: Type Calc No. here

Page: #. of #.

Title: **Structural Design – TA10**

The responses to comments on this 60% submittal have been reviewed by the City of Columbia and replies are included.

09/24/2024

Purpose: Structural design of the end thrust restraint for the 30" pipe, for 150 psi (total). Thrust restraint sized based upon DIPRA Thrust Restraint Design Guide.

Originator: M. Eric Martin

Date: 8/13/22

Checked by: Mike Baer, PE

Date: 8/16/2022

Approved by:

Date: 11/30/2022

Supersedes Calculation No:

Superseded by Calculation No:

This 60% submittal has been reviewed by the City of Columbia. Comments have been added, and it is being returned to HDR for response.

09/06/2024

Appears to be design of collar only and not block at fittings.



Updated design calculations will be submitted at 90% for both the concrete collar and for the block at the fitting. **Okay**



Project: CW Thrust Block	Computed: VLM	Date: 8/15/24
Subject:	Checked: MB	Date: 8/16/24
Task: Concrete Block Design	Page:	of:
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Design Pipe Thrust Block

- Design in-line thrust restraint for 30" pipe for worst case Dead-End.

- Pipe: 30" ϕ

$$\text{Area internal} = \frac{\pi}{4}(30)^2 = 707 \text{ in}^2$$

- Pressure: 50 psi (operating)

100 psi (Surge)

150 psi

$$\begin{aligned} * \text{ Total Thrust} &= \frac{150(707)}{1000} \\ &= 106 \text{ k} \end{aligned}$$

* Use DIPRA Thrust Restraint Design Guide to Design Thrust Block

- US Safety Factor of 1.5

- From Borings, most soil in upper areas is Silt

- Use 1500 psf for Allowable Bearing (See DIPRA)

$$\text{Area Bearing} = \frac{SF(T)}{S_b} = \frac{1.5(106 \text{ k})(1000 \frac{\#}{\text{k}})}{1500 \text{ psf}}$$

$$= 106 \text{ SF}$$

The following are general criteria for bearing block design.

- Bearing surface should, where possible, be placed against undisturbed soil. Where it is not possible, the fill between the bearing surface and undisturbed soil must be compacted to at least 90% Standard Proctor density.
- Block height (h) should be equal to or less than one-half the total depth to the bottom of the block, (H_t), but not less than the pipe diameter (D').
- Block height (h) should be chosen such that the calculated block width (b) varies between one and two times the height.

TABLE 1
Horizontal Bearing Strengths

Soil	*Bearing Strength S_b (lb/ft ²)
Muck	0
Soft Clay	1,000
Silt	1,500
Sandy Silt	3,000
Sand	4,000
Sandy Clay	6,000
Hard Clay	9,000

*Although the above bearing strength values have been used successfully in the design of thrust blocks and are considered to be conservative, their accuracy is totally dependent on accurate soil identification and evaluation. The ultimate responsibility for selecting the proper bearing strength of a particular soil type must rest with the design engineer.

The required bearing block area is

$$A_b = hb = \frac{S_f T}{S_b}$$

Then, for a horizontal bend,

$$b = \frac{S_f 2 PA \sin(\phi/2)}{h S_b}$$

where S_f is a safety factor (usually 1.5 for thrust block design). A similar approach may be used to design bearing blocks to resist the thrust forces at tees, dead ends, etc. Typical values for conservative horizontal bearing strengths of various soil types are listed in Table 1.

In lieu of the values for soil bearing strength shown in Table 1, a designer might choose to use calculated Rankine passive pressure (P_p) or other determination of soil bearing strength based on actual soil properties.

Gravity thrust blocks may be used to resist thrust at vertical down bends. In a gravity block, the weight of the block is the force providing equilibrium with the thrust force. The design problem is then to calculate the required volume of the thrust block of a known density. The vertical component of the thrust force in Figure 6 on page 8 is balanced by the weight of the block.

It can easily be shown that $T_y = PA \sin \phi$. Then the required volume of the block is

$$V_g = \frac{S_f PA \sin \phi}{W_m}$$

where W_m = density of the block material. Here, the horizontal component of the thrust force

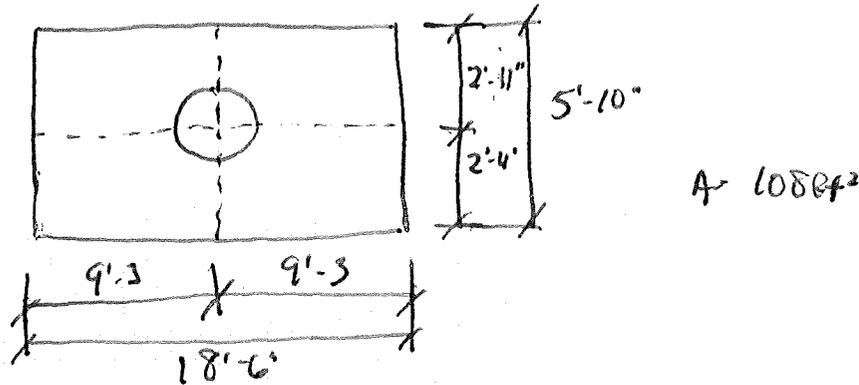
$$T_x = PA (1 - \cos \phi)$$

must be resisted by the bearing of the right side of the block against the soil. Analysis of this aspect will follow like the above section on bearing blocks.

Calculations of V_g and T_x for orientations other than when one leg is horizontal should reflect that specific geometry.

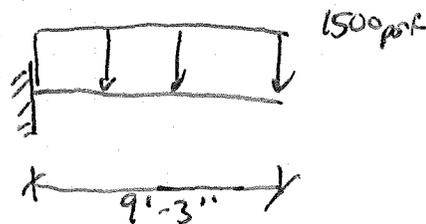
Project: CW Thrust Block	Computed: MUM	Date: 8/13/24
Subject:	Checked: MB	Date: 8/14/24
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- $A_B \text{ reqd} = 106 \text{ SF}$



- Check Bending in Thrust Block, Primarily Bending in the 18'-6" Direction.

- Treat Block as cantilever about centerline



$$M_u = \frac{1.6(1500)(9.25)^2}{2} = 102.7 \text{ k-ft/ft}$$

$$V_u = 1.6(1500)(9.25) = 22.2 \text{ k/ft}$$

- From Attached Spread Sheet, Use 28" Thick Thrust Retardit w/ #8 @ 8" O.C.

$$\phi M_{us} = 124.4 \text{ k-ft/ft} > M_u = 102.7 \text{ k-ft/ft}$$

$$\phi V_{cs} = 24.2 \text{ k/ft} > V_u = 22.2 \text{ k/ft}$$



Project: _____
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Basic Rebar Selection:

WALL Section Type (Beam, Wall or Slab)

f_c' **3000 psi** Concrete Quality (range 1000 to 10000)
 f_y **60.0 ksi** Steel Quality (range 40 to 75)
 β_1 **0.85** Compression Block Factor
 ϕ_{flex} **0.90** Strength Reduction Beam Flexure (ACI 9.3.2.1)
 ϕ_{shear} **0.75** Strength Reduction Shear (ACI 9.3.2.3)

(Ref ACI 318-2002 C.3.2.3)

B **12.00 inch** Width of Section
 H **28.00 inch** Depth of Section Warnings On.
 d **24.500 inch** Depth of Reinforcing

Clear Cover	Stirrup Bar	d_b	Extra Fudge
3.00 inch	none	0.000 inch	0.000 inch

Num. Bars	Bar Size	d_b	A_s
1.50	8	1.000 inch	0.79

A_s **1.185** (in² per width) Trial Area of Steel
 Beam $A_{s,min}$ **-** (in² per width) A_s minimum (ACI 10.5.1)
 Slab $A_{s,min}$ **-** (in² per width) A_s minimum (ACI 7.12.2.1)
 Wall $A_{s,min}$ **0.504** (in² per width) Vertical A_s minimum (ACI 14.3.2)
 Wall $A_{s,min}$ **0.840** (in² per width) Horizontal A_s minimum (ACI 14.3.3)

Minimum	
0.840	$A_{s,min}$
0.0029	ρ_{min}
1.6471	a
99.44 k-ft	M_n
89.50 k-ft	ϕM_n
0.0214	0.75 $\rho_{balanced}$ okay

ρ **0.0040** ratio of tension reinforcement
 a **2.3235** Depth of equivalent stress block

M_n **138.28 k-ft** Moment Strength (nominal)
 ϕM_n **124.45 k-ft** Moment Strength

V_c **32.21 kip** Concrete Shear Strength (nominal)
 ϕV_c **24.15 kip** Shear Strength (ACI 11.3.1)

V_u **22.20 kip**

ϕV_s (req'd) **-1.95 kip** Min. Shear Reinforcing Required (ACI 11.5.5)

ϕV_s (actual) **0.00**

ϕV_s **0.00 kip** (ACI 11.5.6)

A_v **0.00** <== Assume (2) Leg Stirrup

Bar Size	A_s	S_{actual}
4	0.20	12

S_{max} **0.00**

$d/2$ **12.25**

Basic Formulas:

$$M_n = 0.85 f_c' b a \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$$

$$a = \frac{\rho d f_y}{0.85 f_c'}$$

$$V_c = 2 \sqrt{f_c'} b d$$

$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{b d}$$

$$V_s = \frac{A_v f_y d}{s}$$

SCDOT Soil Test Log

Project ID:	P027662			County:	Lexington/Richland	Boring No.:	B-50
Site Description:	Carolina Crossroads I-20/26/126 Corridor Improvement Project					Route:	Site 44
Eng./Geo.:	NGS	Boring Location:	91+54.21	Offset:	R:46.690'	Alignment:	Proposed
Elev.:	212.6 ft	Latitude:	34.027285	Longitude:	-81.126258	Date Started:	2/18/2018
Total Depth:	92.2 ft	Soil Depth:	72.2 ft	Core Depth:	20 ft	Date Completed:	2/18/2018
Bore Hole Diameter (in):	3.5	Sampler Configuration		Liner Required:	Y (N)	Liner Used:	Y (N)
Drill Machine:	CME 55	Drill Method:	RW	Hammer Type:	Automatic	Energy Ratio:	84.1%
Core Size:	NQ	Driller:	T. Miller	Groundwater:	TOB 20.1 ft	24HR	38 ft

Elevation (ft)	Depth (ft)	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Graphic Log	Sample Depth (ft)	Sample No./Type	SPT N VALUE				FINES CONTENT (%)			
						1st 6"	2nd 6"	3rd 6"	4th 6"	N Value	PL	MC	LL
	0.0	SURFACE MATERIALS - 12 inches of ASPHALT.											
	1.0	FILL - SILTY SAND (SM) - medium dense, moist, strong brown (7.5YR 5/8), mostly fine to medium sands, some low plasticity fines.		1.0	SS-1	10	5	8	7	13			
	3.0	SILT WITH SAND (ML) - stiff, moist, light red (2.5YR 6/6) and reddish-yellow (7.5YR 6/6), mostly low plasticity fines, little fine sands.		3.0	SS-2	8	7	7	11	14			
207.6		@ 5 feet - very stiff.		5.0	SS-3	5	9	9	6	18			
	7.0	@ 7 feet - stiff, little fine to medium sands, [LL=35, PL=28, PI=7, NMC=14.5%, %200=80.7], AASHTO = A-4 (6).		7.0	SS-4	4	6	6	8	12		X	X
202.6		@ 9 feet - very stiff.		9.0	SS-5	9	8	10	12	18			
	13.5	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL) - firm, moist, yellowish-red (5YR 5/8), mostly low plasticity fines, little fine to medium sands, trace fine gravel, [LL=37, PL=23, PI=14, NMC=18.7%, %200=67.3], AASHTO = A-6 (8).		13.5	SS-6	3	3	3		6		X	X
197.6													
	18.5	SANDY SILT (ML) - stiff, moist, reddish-yellow (7.5YR 6/6), mostly low plasticity fines, little fine to medium sands, few quartz gravel.		18.5	SS-7	3	7	7		14			

LEGEND

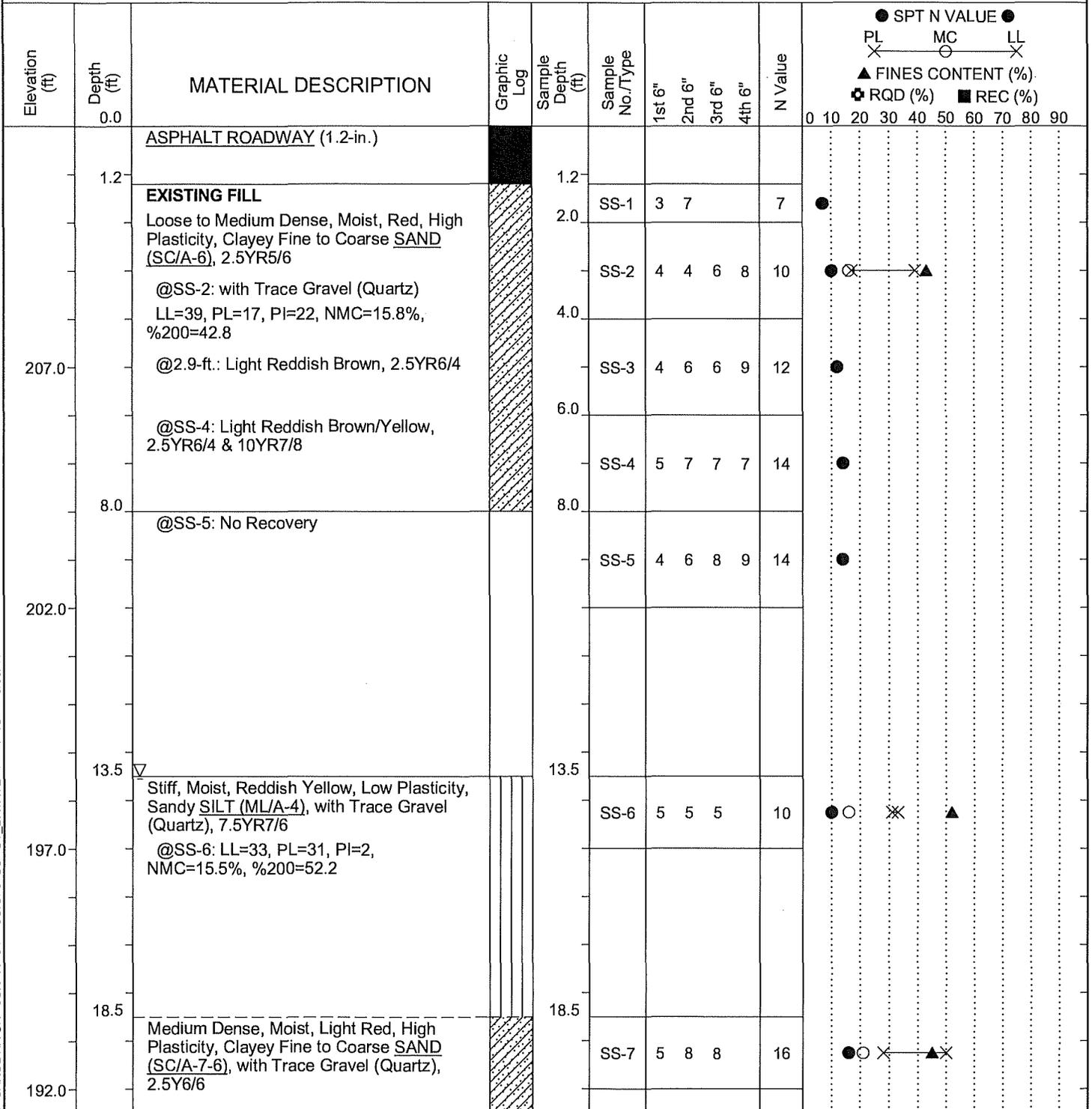
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SAMPLER TYPE		DRILLING METHOD	
SS - Split Spoon	NQ - Rock Core, 1-7/8"	HSA - Hollow Stem Auger	RW - Rotary Wash
UD - Undisturbed Sample	CU - Cuttings	CFA - Continuous Flight Augers	RC - Rock Core
AWG - Rock Core, 1-1/8"	CT - Continuous Tube	DC - Driving Casing	

SC_DOT_1461-16-047_ALL_BORINGS - HGM 7-16-18.GPJ SCDOT DATA TEMPLATE_01_30_2015.GDT 10/11/18

SCDOT Soil Test Log

Project ID: P039720	County: Richland/Lexington	Boring No.: C3C-U3
Site Description: Carolina Crossroads I-20/26/126 Corridor Improvements	Route:	
Eng./Geo.: C. Piercy	Boring Location: 100+46	Offset: 5-L
Alignment: I-20 Median		
Elev.: 212.0 ft	Latitude: 34.02736797	Longitude: -81.12640113
Date Started: 5/7/2024		
Total Depth: 59.9 ft	Soil Depth: 59.9 ft	Core Depth: 0 ft
Date Completed: 5/7/2024		
Bore Hole Diameter (in.): 3	Sampler Configuration	Liner Required: Y (N)
Liner Used: Y (N)		
Drill Machine: CME 550X	Drill Method: RW	Hammer Type: Automatic
Energy Ratio: 85.4%		
Core Size: N/A	Driller: L. Guempel	Groundwater: TOB 13.5 ft
24HR: N/A		



LEGEND

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SAMPLER TYPE		DRILLING METHOD	
SS - Split Spoon	NQ - Rock Core, 1-7/8"	HSA - Hollow Stem Auger	RW - Rotary Wash
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SC_DOT_G5662-03-CAROLINA CROSSROADS PH 3C.GPJ_SCDOT_DATA TEMPLATE.GDT 5/30/24